





Towards the High-Level Political Forum, HLPF 2019 Accelerating progress on SDG 16+ for the development of just, peaceful and inclusive societies in Latin America and the Caribbean





Regional Technical Workshop

Provision of inputs to the 2019 HLPF 2 – 3 April 2019, Panama City, Panama

METHODOLOGICAL NOTE

With the support of





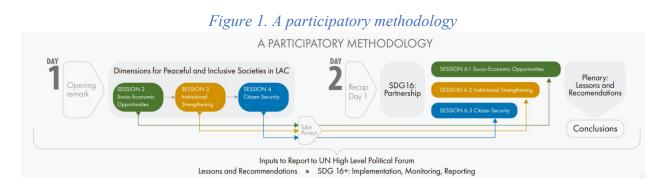
Towards the High-Level Political Forum 2019 Accelerating progress on SDG 16+ for the development of just, peaceful and inclusive societies in Latin America and the Caribbean

SDG 16+ Regional Technical Workshop 2 – 3 April 2019 | Hotel Le Meridien | Panama City, Panama

METHODOLOGICAL NOTE

WORKSHOP FORMAT AND FLOW

The workshop will have a participatory methodology aimed to distill as many experiences as possible to include in the HLPF report (see diagram below) from Latin America and the Caribbean. On day 1, participants will discuss in plenary format the experiences, lessons and challenges in implementing, monitoring and reporting processes that help advance progress on the development of peaceful, just and inclusive societies. In particular, the working sessions will be structured around three dimensions of SDG16 regarding socio-economic opportunities, institutional strengthening and citizens security. It will include conversations between practitioners, government representatives, development partners and academics on what makes a good experience and how this can be documented more systematically.



On the second day, the workshop participants will work in specific groups with the intention to dig deeper on each of the three dimensions from day 1. The working groups will be more focused and will include discussions in clinics about what are some of the good practices and challenges in implementing, monitoring and reporting on SDG 16 targets related to socioeconomic opportunities, institutional strengthening and citizen security. The working groups will then present to the plenary the results of their discussions with emphasis on key lessons from implementation and practical recommendations for policy makers and development partners aimed at accelerating progress on SDG16 implementation.





ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES

• Speakers	Prepare your <u>remarks to last between 5-7 minutes</u> , highlighting both opportunities and challenges and concrete examples on your designated topic Share national experiences, lessons learned, key recommendations, and tools/resources that could be of use to other practitioners in the region Be respectful and mindful of time and need to hear from other speakers		
Facilitators	 Ensure that your session stays within its allocated time slot and that each speaker is given an equal amount of space for their interventions Keep the discussion informal and invite interaction from all participants Draw out lessons learned, key recommendations, and tools/resources mentioned by the speakers. Referencing the matrix handout, make connections between the speakers remarks and: the three SDG16+ accelerators (Socio-Economic Opportunities, Institutional Strengthening, and Citizen Security); the three phases of SDG16+ (implementing, monitoring, and reporting) how progress in these areas advances the 2030 Agenda 		
Rapporteurs	 Provide succinct summaries of the working group conversations Focus on sharing common challenges, lessons learned, and key recommendations Note the roles of various actors (government, civil society, private sector, UN, etc.) in contributing to SDG16+ 		
Note Takers	 Capture impactful national experiences, lessons learned, key recommendations and tools/resources mentioned throughout workshop Highlight best practices for each of the three SDG16+ accelerators (Socio-Economic Opportunities, Institutional Strengthening, and Citizen Security) and the three phases of SDG16+ (monitoring, reporting, and implementing). Flag examples that demonstrate how progress in each of these areas advances the 2030 Agenda as a whole Note the roles of various actors (government, civil society, private sector, UN, etc.) in contributing to SDG16+ Keep track of parking lot questions around monitoring, reporting, and implementing SDG16+ 		

In each session of the workshop, the methodology used will lead to interaction between the participants to highlight country-level experiences and lessons learned in working towards the achievement of SDG16 with a view to codifying good practices.





SESSION-BY-SESSION BREAKDOWN

DAY 1 – 2 APRIL

Session 1: Introduction - Dimensions for Peaceful and Inclusive Societies

Exploratory Questions:

- What are the three SDG16+ accelerators that this workshop will explore?
- How do these accelerator areas promote progress on SDG16+ and the 2030 Agenda as a whole?
- What challenges and prospects are there in the region for advancing Socio-economic Opportunities, Institutional Strengthening, and Citizen Security?

SESSION 2. INTERLINKAGES BETWEEN SDG16 AND SOCIO-ECONOMIC OPPORTUNITIES

Exploratory Questions:

- What challenges and prospects are there in the region for creating greater socio-economic opportunities?
- How does enhancing socio-economic opportunities lead to progress on SDG16+ and the 2030 Agenda as a whole?
- What good practices are there in promoting socio-economic opportunities in the region, including for victims of insecurity, gender (i.e. sexual gender-based violence), indigenous populations, and other vulnerable groups, and how can we promote these practices?

SESSION 3. INSTITUTIONAL STRENGTHENING

Exploratory Questions:

- What challenges and prospects are there in the region for strengthening local and national institutions, particularly for achieving access to justice for all?
- How does strengthening institutions lead to progress on SDG16+ and the 2030 Agenda as a whole?
- What good practices are there in strengthening institutions in the region, including through inclusive planning processes and establishing accountability mechanisms, and what can we learn from them?
- Who are the main actors that could support institutions for better implementation of SDG16, including the private sector, civil society, and academia, and what mechanisms are available for effective coordination?

SESSION 4. CITIZEN SECURITY: IMPACT OF PREVENTION MEASURES

Exploratory Questions:





- What challenges and prospects are there in the region for improving citizen security?
- How does improving citizen security lead to progress on SDG16+ and the 2030 Agenda as a whole and how can non-traditional sectors (health, education, etc) effectively contribute to prevention strategies?
- What good practices are there in improving citizen security in the region, including through strengthening preventative mechanisms and community-based approaches, and what can we learn from them?
- What specific needs do states have to effectively implement citizen security and prevention measures?

SUMMARY OF DAY 1: WRAP UP REMARKS

Exploratory Questions:

- What are key take-aways from each of today's sessions?
- What ideas/questions do we want to come back to tomorrow (parking lot questions)?

DAY 2 – 3 APRIL

RECAP FROM DAY 1

Exploratory Questions:

- What are the key messages from the previous day?
- How can we connect these salient themes with the upcoming HLPF and VNRs?

SESSION 5. PARTNERSHIPS FOR SDG 16+

Exploratory Questions:

- What partnerships are there between government, development partners, civil society and the private sector that can be leveraged or adapted for other contexts?
- What are the main obstacles and opportunities for cross-sector collaboration?
- Why are partnerships so critical for achieving SDG16+?





SESSION 6. IMPLEMENTATION, MONITORING AND REPORTING OF SDG 16+

Working groups

Participants will be split into three working groups based on their expertise and diversity of experiences. Each working group will focus on one SDG16+ accelerator area (Socio-Economic Opportunities, Institutional Strengthening and Citizen Security). In each group participants will draw on their own concrete experiences and the presentations from this workshop to discuss the following questions in relation to the SDG16 dimension.

- What are some of the good practices and challenges in implementing, monitoring, and reporting on this accelerator area?
 - Consider the gender and human rights dimensions as well as the different experiences of rural vs. urban contexts, marginalized groups, persons with disabilities, etc.
- What specific needs do states have to overcome these challenges and effectively implement, monitor, and report on this accelerator area?
- How does progress on this accelerator area contribute to SDG16 more broadly and what strong links are there to the rest of the 2030 Agenda?
 - Consider the related targets of peace, justice, inclusion (reference the handout with the three circle graphs).
- What policy and reform recommendations can be made to the HLPF to enhance efforts on this accelerator area in view of achieving SDG16+ and the 2030 Agenda as a whole?
 - Consider the roles of various actors (private sector, civil society, academia, national human rights institutions, etc.) and areas that require increased investment.
- What parking lot questions remain unaddressed?

PLENARY PRESENTATIONS & SUMMARY OF KEY MESSAGES AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Exploratory Questions:

- What were the key points of discussion from each working group?
- What lessons learned have been captured for each of the three phases of SDG16+ (monitoring, reporting, and implementing)?
- What recommendations have been distilled for each of the three SDG16+ accelerators (Socio-economic Opportunities, Institutional Strengthening, and Citizen Security)?
- How can we implement these/what can we commit to taking forward in our own contexts?





REFERENCE MATERIALS



Promote peaceful and inclusive societies for sustainable development, provide access to justice for all and build effective, accountable and inclusive institutions at all levels

Sustainable Development Goal 16 (SDG 16) – for peaceful, just, and inclusive societies – ushers in a new kind of development: one where people have the opportunity to influence the decisions that affect their lives and create communities that thrive. SDG 16 articulates the key role that governance and the rule of law play in promoting peaceful, just, and inclusive societies and in ensuring sustainable development.

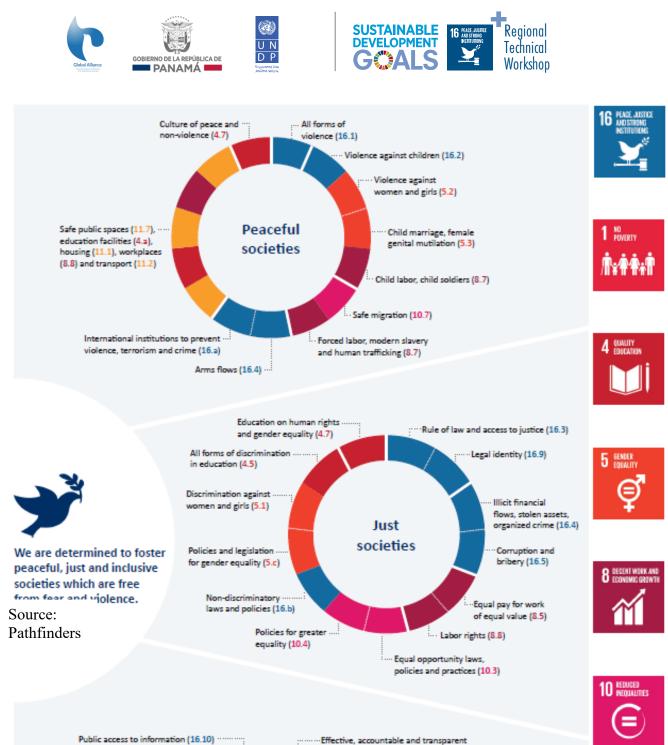
The targets and indicators for SDG 16 included in the global indicator framework (developed by the Inter-Agency and Expert Group on SDG Indicators) are provided below:

10 Targets	23 Indicators
	16.1.1 Number of victims of intentional homicide per 100,000 population, by sex and age
16.1 Significantly reduce all forms of violence and	16.1.2 Conflict-related deaths per 100,000 population, by sex, age and cause
related death rates everywhere	16.1.3 Proportion of population subjected to physical, psychological or sexual violence in the previous 12 months
	16.1.4 Proportion of population that feel safe walking alone around the area they live
16.2 End abuse, exploitation, trafficking	16.2.1 Proportion of children aged 1-17 years who experienced any physical punishment and/or psychological aggression by caregivers in the past month
and all forms of violence against and torture of	16.2.2 Number of victims of human trafficking per 100,000 population, by sex, age and form of exploitation
children	16.2.3 Proportion of young women and men aged 18-29 years who experienced sexual violence by age 18
16.3 Promote the rule of law at the national and international levels and	16.3.1 Proportion of victims of violence in the previous 12 months who reported their victimization to competent authorities or other officially recognized conflict resolution mechanisms
ensure equal access to justice for all	16.3.2 Unsentenced detainees as a proportion of overall prison population
16.4 By 2030, significantly reduce illicit	16.4.1 Total value of inward and outward illicit financial flows (in current United States dollars)
financial and arms flows, strengthen the recovery	16.4.2 Proportion of seized small arms and light weapons that are
and return of stolen assets and combat all	recorded and traced, in accordance with international standards and legal instruments
forms of organized crime	





16.5 Substantially reduce corruption and bribery in all their forms	 16.5.1 Proportion of persons who had at least one contact with a public official and who paid a bribe to a public official, or were asked for a bribe by those public officials, during the previous 12 months 16.5.2 Proportion of businesses that had at least one contact with a public official and that paid a bribe to a public official, or were asked for a bribe by those public officials during the previous 12 months 			
16.6 Develop effective, accountable and transparent institutions at all levels	16.6.1 Primary government expenditures as a proportion of original approved budget, by sector (or by budget codes or similar)16.6.2 Proportion of the population satisfied with their last experience			
16.7 Ensure responsive, inclusive, participatory and representative	of public services 16.7.1 Proportions of positions (by sex, age, persons with disabilities and population groups) in public institutions (national and local legislatures, public service, and judiciary) compared to national distributions			
decision-making at all levels	16.7.2 Proportion of population who believe decision-making is inclusive and responsive, by sex, age, disability and population group			
16.8 Broaden and strengthen the participation of developing countries in the institutions of global governance	16.8.1 Proportion of members and voting rights of developing countries in international organizations			
16.9 By 2030, provide legal identity for all, 16.9.1 F		tion of children under 5 years of age whose births have ed with a civil authority, by age		
16.10 Ensure public access to information and protect fundamental freedoms, in accordance	16.10.1 Number of verified cases of killing, kidnapping, enforced disappearance, arbitrary detention and torture of journalists, associated media personnel, trade unionists and human rights advocates in the previous 12 months			
with national legislation and international agreements		ber of countries that adopt and implement constitutional, for policy guarantees for public access to information		
16.a Strengthen relevant national institutions, including through international cooperation, for building capacity at all levels, in particular in developing countries, to prevent violence and combat terrorism and crime		16.a.1 Existence of independent national human rights institutions in compliance with the Paris Principles		
16.b Promote and enforce no discriminatory laws and poli sustainable development		16.b.1 Proportion of population reporting having personally felt discriminated against or harassed in the previous 12 months on the basis of a ground of discrimination prohibited under international human rights law		





17 PARTNERSHIPS

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