



Global Alliance Stories from the Field

Supporting production of data on SDG 16, and its influence on policy and action on trafficking and SGBV

Argentina: The role of civil society in developing and implementing strategies to prevent human trafficking and related violence, crime, and social conflict (16.1, 16.2, 16.7)



In Argentina, human and drug trafficking underpinned by organized crime and corruption impact some of the most vulnerable populations. Young women are particularly susceptible to trafficking, suffering numerous human rights abuses and victimization as a direct result of these crimes. To be able to effectively influence trafficking legislation, Argentina requested assistance from the Global Alliance to conduct consultations which would give vulnerable groups a voice in policy formulation. Legislation is currently before congress on these issues, and the consultations enabled civil society to ensure that the law and initiatives to support its implementation are evidence-based.

This initiative brought together the UNCT, Ministry of Justice and Human Rights, Executive Secretary of the National Society Policy Coordination Council of Argentina, civil society network and Argentina local Global Compact Network. It succeeded in raising awareness among key actors of the anti-human trafficking movement regarding the international experiences of crime and violence prevention. Furthermore, discussions and proposals resulting from the workshop are being used to contribute to the enforcement of the Argentinean law on combating human trafficking.

Albania: Baseline Report on the national progress of SDG 16 (16.1/16.2)



The Global Alliance for Reporting Progress on Peaceful, Just and Inclusive Societies funded research in Albania bringing together entities from the local government, the prime minister's office, line ministries, academia/universities, private sector (biggest telecommunication company in Albania (Telecom)), civil society organizations, UNDP, UNHCR and other UNCT members to create inclusive and participatory processes for the implementation, monitoring and reviewing of SDG 16.1 and SDG 16.2, specifically related to Gender-Based Violence (GBV) and sexual violence. The research and dialogues – funded by the Alliance – strengthened the evidence-base for initiatives to address SGBV.

Stakeholders participated in processes which identified relevant reporting and monitoring mechanisms for SDG 16.1 and SDG 16.2, creating a baseline report which measured the success of these efforts and provided the data that created effective evidence-based recommendations.

The report presented a direct analysis of the data in existence on these indicators and provided recommendations regarding efforts of the Government and other stakeholders in order to make further progress in monitoring SDG 16.1 and SDG 16.2 indicators, improve data methodology and quality, and create better environment for better coordination and cooperation between stakeholders in this regard.